

CONSTRUCTION SECTOR TRANSPARENCY INITIATIVE ETHIOPIA (CoST – ETHIOPIA)

ASSURANCE LEVEL REPORT ON REACTIVE DISCLOSURE OF PROJECT PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACT INFORMATION:-

DEBRE TABOR UNIVERSITY: CYT AND DHB PROJECT

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November, 2018

ADDIS ABABA, ETHIOPIA

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INFORMATION ON DEBRE TABOR CYT & DHB BUILDINGS

ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

A/E Architectures and Engineers

ANRS Amhara National Regional State

ANRSHDPO Amhara National Regional State Housing Development Project Office

AP Assurance Professional

CoST Construction Sector Transparency Initiative

CYT Court Yard Type

DHB Department Head Building

DTU Debre-Tabor University

E.C. Ethiopian Calendar

FDRE Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia

ETB Ethiopian Birr

IDS Infrastructure Data Standard

MoE Ministry of Education

Ministry of Works and Urban Development MoWUD

NMSG-EC National Multi-Stakeholder Group Executive Committee

PPAA Procurement & Property Administration Agency

SDT/F Standard Disclosure Template/Format

TR Terms of Reference

UCBP University Capacity Building Program

Value Added Tax VAT

VOs Variation Orders

ASSURANCE LEVEL FINAL REPORT FOR REACTIVE DISCLOSURE INFORMATION November 2018 ON DEBRE TABOR CYT & DHB BUILDINGS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Construction Sector Transparency Initiative (CoST) aims to enhance the Transparency and

Accountability of public-funded construction projects. The CoST's expectation is to improve

transparency & accountability which can lead to better management facilities & controlled use of

public projects and also desirous to disclose accurate and complete disclosed information on

selected sample projects during the capacity building training. To ensure that the information

released is both accurate and available in a form that can easily be understood by stake holders, it

would need to be verified and analyzed by the expert. In order to achieve this crucial task, NMSG-

EC has appointed an Assurance Professional (AP) who is responsible to provide the professional

expertise on data collection and verification process of reactively disclosed information. AP is also

responsible to prepare an intelligible report on accuracy and completeness of the disclosed

information by highlighting the main findings and causes of concerns. Thus, AP has taken

responsibility to carry out the above mentioned task as stipulated in the contract agreement.

Description of the project and contracts included in the report are described as follows:

Date of Disclosure and Assurance: April 25, 2018 G.C.

Name of Assurance Professional: Endale Bewketu

Project Name: Debre University CYT and DHB

Project Location: Project is found in Amhara National Regional State, on the Eastern Part of

Historical Town "Debre-Tabor" at about 4 (four) kms away from the center of the town and it is

located at 11° 51′ North of Latitude & 38° 01′ East of Longitude.

Project Owner: Debre Tabor University

For the execution of Infrastructure Project, the following contracts have been involved:

1

Contract 1: Consultancy Service for Design Adaptation and Construction Supervision (Topology Adaptation).

Consultant: MH Engineering PLC Consulting E/A:

Date of Contract Agreement: on May 15, 2009 G.C. between MoE & MH Engineering PLC Consulting E/A.

Contract 2: Consultancy Service for Planning, Design Adaptation and Supervision Works (Contract Administration). Consultant- Ultimate Plan PLC Consulting A/E (Contract agreement made on 25th September, 2009 G.C. between MoE & Ultimate Plan PLC Consulting A/E).

Contract 3: Works (CYT & DHB Buildings).

Contractors: Fourteen (14) different contractors from ARHDPO have been involved.

The Contract Agreements were made between FDRE- MoE, Ten (10) New Universities Construction Project Office and fourteen (14) different contractors from Amhara Regional State Housing Development Program Office have been involved in the construction of Administrative & Student Dormitories. Contract Agreement dates were different.

The service contract for Design Adaptation and Construction Supervision (Contract 1) of Debre-Tabor University (which is among Ten New Universities) was issued to MH Consulting Engineers PLC based on the participation of previous 13 Universities Preliminary and Detail Design. For consultancy service of Contract Administration and Construction Supervision Works (Contract 2), only two (2) consultants were evaluated for their technical and financial proposals. AP has identified that different Supplementary Contracts such as Outdoor Sport Facilities and phases I and II Infrastructures Works (Roads, Sanitary, and Electrical Works, for the contract prices of 20, 709, 372.35 million Birr & 14,250,582.21 million Birr including VAT respectively) have been given repeatedly to the same contractors in addition to the main contract (which was 100,880,626.32 million Birr). During the overall assessment of documents issued by MoE, Ten

New Construction Project Office, AP has identified the causes of construction time delays, due to the unavailability of consultant's construction supervisors on project site & problems in providing job orders to the contractors.

Assurance Professional (AP) has faced some challenges during the first trip of data collection time. In the late time, Later on Especially of obtaining necessary project information and required data (such as Feasibility Studies & Engineering Cost Estimate Documents, Bid Invitation & Tender Evaluation Documents for consultancy service contracts 1 & 2, Contract Agreement Document for CTY & DHB Contractors, Scope or Contract Change Information,). It is recalled that CoST-Ethiopia has written a letter on 23/11/2010 E.C. to Debre Tabor University in order to cooperate in providing the required documents depending on the basis of AP's request. Accordingly, DTU has responded on 12/09/2010 E.C. that some main documents were not available in the university; however, DTU has given information where the required documents could be available and found.

Assurance Professional has identified the occurrence of different problems that has been influenced the construction activities. The associated problems that have been addressed in the available documents were poor coordination between the consultant (contract-2) and the contractor, design problems in road works, problems of consultant in timely provision of necessary information to the contractors, problems associated with consultant's construction supervisors not available at the construction sites at the right time at the right place, delay of release of finance on time and as necessitated to execute the construction activities properly, were main problems identified during the overall assessment of the available documents.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Cost Ethiopia is principally about increasing transparency through the release of project information in to the public domain. But it is recognized that the disclosure of this information may not be sufficient on its own to achieve greater accountability. This is because some of the information is likely to be complex and not easily intelligible to the general public. To ensure that the information released is both accurate and available in a form that can easily be understood by stakeholders, it would need to be verified and analyzed by the experts.

The Overall Content of the Report:

The CoST-Ethiopia is aimed to know the transparency and accountability issues on public-financed Projects. In order to achieve this aim, the National Multi-Stakeholder Group-Executive Committee (NMSG-EC) has appointed an Assurance Professional (AP), who is responsible to carry out the Reactive Disclosure Information on publicly-financed construction projects. In order to perform this task, two sample projects had been selected from DTU (the Infrastructure and CYT and DHB Projects). Under this part, DTU's CYT & DHB Project will be discussed.

AP is responsible to carry out the required task according to the terms of reference (ToR) stipulated in the contract agreement by collecting adequate and relevant documents and information from PE's and where necessary from consultants and contractors in collaboration with the assigned PE's staffs. To do this AP has traveled to the project site on Tuesday March 17, 2018 G.C. During the first project site trip, AP has made short and brief discussions with the contemporary President of DTU and assigned staffs about the overall objectives of CoST-Ethiopia and responsibilities of AP. President of DTU has shown an enthusiastic willingness to

cooperate in providing or issuing all necessary documents and information required, and he has directed the letter written by CoST-Ethiopia, the letter asking DTU's cooperation in providing all essential documents and information necessary for Public Disclosure Process to the assigned AP. Based on the available documents and information obtained, AP will verify and analyze the project information for its accuracy and completeness, and produce reports that are clearly intelligible to the non-specialists by highlighting main causes of concerns. Basically, conducting accurate and complete disclosed information on selected sample projects will rely on the availability of adequate and relevant documents from respective Procuring Entities and if possible, from consultants and contractors.

Objectives of Reactive Disclosure and Assurance Services:

- To verify the accuracy and completeness of Infrastructure Data standard (IDS) as outlined in the reactive disclosure information on the sample CoST projects,
- To analyze disclosed and verified data in order to make informed judgments about the cost, time and scope aspects of the CoST Project, and
- To produce reports that are clearly intelligible to the non-specialist, outlining the findings in regard with the cost and quality of the infrastructure and highlighting any cause for concern that analyzed information revealed on CoST Projects.

Activities of Reactive Disclosure and Assurance Services:

- © Collects project information from the PEs (in close collaboration with staffs from PEs) and, where necessary also collects information from consultants and contractors on selected projects in order to insure the publication of IDS as outlined in the Reactive Disclosure Standards of CoST-Ethiopia,
- Verifies the accuracy and completeness of the information collected,
- Makes site visit to have visual impression of the project and continues to make additional verifications as required,
- Produces reports that are clearly intelligible to the non-specialist, highlighting the main findings and causes of concern analyzed information reveals,

- Makes presentation to NMSG-EC, multi-stakeholder forums, get feedbacks and refine the reports accordingly.
- Challenges that AP has faced during data collection Process: According to the work schedule, the first field trip to the project site was on Tuesday March 17, 2018. On the occasion, the short and brief discussions were held with DTU President and assigned staffs about the overall objective of the AP's assignment., AP has been faced the following challenges during the data collection and verification process of reactive disclosure information:
- ✓ Unable to have a contact and communication with DTU's Construction Project Coordinator,
- Problems in obtaining adequate and relevant documents and information,
- ✓ Existence of limited cooperation in providing available documents and relevant information.

Table 1 List of Documents obtained or provided by MoE and DTU.

Serial No.	Issued Documents	Procuring Entities				Remark
		DTU	MoE			
1	Contract Agreement document for Infrastructure Works (for Contract-3)	\	√			
2	Payment Certificates (1-14) of Infrastructure Works	√	✓			
3	Contract Agreement Documents for 14 contractors who were involved in the construction of CTY & DHB		√	Out of 14 contractors who were involved, only for 2 contractors of contract agreement documents were issued by DTU.		
5	Supplementary work contract documents & outdoor sport facilities documents	√	✓			
6	Variation Orders No. 2 & No.3 for contractors of Infrastructure Works	~	✓			
7	Contract Agreement document for Consultancy service of Contract Administration & Construction Supervision work		√	This document exists in the DTU office, but we were unable to provide the document because it's huge size.		

8	Technical & Financial Evaluation Process Document (unofficial document) for the service of Contract Administration & Construction Supervision Works		✓	
9	Selection information (unofficial Document) for consultancy Service of Design Adaptation & Construction supervision –Contract-1		✓	
10	Progress report	✓		
11	Audit Report Document		✓	

Table 2 List of missing documents which were not issued.

Ser No.	Required Documents	DTU's response about the Documents	MoE's responses about Documents	Remarks
1	Feasibility Study Report Document	This document may be available in MoE, but not available in our office.	Feasibility study was not carried out for the implementation of 10 new universities including DTU.	AP has requested Ultimate
2	Bid Invitation & Tender Evaluation Documents for consultancy services (contracts 1 & contract 2)	Bid Invitation & Tender Evaluation processes for consultancy services 1 & 2 were performed and evaluated by MoE, thus the documents can be obtained from MoE.	Official Bid Invitation & Tender Evaluation documents are available in our deadly storage room. There were no assigned documentation workers who are responsible and provide the required documents.	Plan consulting A/E for the relevant documents in relation to DTU,
3	"Performance Directive Document" that was used the selection process of Infrastructure Contractor & CYT & DHB contractors.	The selection processes of contractors were based on their previous performances obtained during their participation in the housing development program, and the contract was given to the contractors on fixed price basis, but the so called <i>Performance Directive document used to select contractors is not found in our office.</i>	The Performance Directive Document was prepared by the Addis Ababa Housing Development Agency and distributed to the regional Housing Development Offices, thus the document may be available Offices of Agencies.	unfortunate ly the firm could not cooperate
4	Anticipated scope changes and contract prices changes	There were no any anticipated scope and contract price changes during CYT & DHB construction activities.	No information concerning project scope and contract price changes during the DTU project constructions	
5	Documents related to Engineering Cost Estimates	Engineering Cost Estimate was prepared by MH consulting A/E, after it has got an acceptance from MoE, and the document was distributed to the contractors on fixed price basis, & the document can be obtained from	Engineering cost estimate was prepared by responsibility of Addis Ababa Urban Development Office,	

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2. Reactive Disclosure of Project Information

2.1 Project Overview

The government of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia (FDRE), in its five years Development and Economic Growth Plan (Sustainable Development and Poverty Reduction Program, 2002-2007), has considered the Education Sector Program as a Cornerstone of the Capacity Building, Poverty Reduction and Sustainable Development Strategy. In addition to ensuring access to elementary education for all citizens, the education sector program aims to expand secondary and tertiary education throughout the country. Special Emphasis is placed on expansion of educational services in underprivileged regions and remote areas to achieve the important objectives of political and administrative decentralization, and balanced and equitable growth of the economy. It is primarily in line with this strategy that the construction of Ten (10) New Universities under UCBP has been envisaged and being implemented.

Debre-Tabor University is among the construction of Ten (10) New Universities to be implemented under five years Development and Economic Growth Plan. DTU was established in 2008 G.C., and its foundation had laid on the eastern part of the Historic Town Debre-Tabor at about 4 (four) Kms away from its center on 126 hectares of land. This area was previously owned by 268 farmers to whom nearly 10.5 million Birr was paid for compensation and rehabilitation. Among the 268 farmers, only 10 ceased farming and engaged in other occupations to earn their living. It was attempted to construct a total of 134 buildings out of which in the first round 35 buildings, in the second round 32 and in the third round 32 were successfully planted while the final 35 are on construction in 2007 fiscal year. Debre-Tabor University is found on the eastern part of historical Town "Debre-Tabor" at about 4 (four) kms away from the center of the town and it is located at 11° 51′ North of Latitude & 38° 01′ East of Longitude.

2.2 Scope of the Project

Debre Tabor University was among Ten (10) New Universities which was established in 2008. It was attempted to construct a total of 134 buildings out of which infrastructure project includes all works of Road, Sanitary and Electrical Installations all around the surrounding campus. The Overall Facility of Infrastructure works were executed only by one contractor and project is 100% completed and under service three years ahead of.

The university commenced its mission in 2011(2004 E.C.) and according to the statistics indicated the number of students enrolled in regular programs, in 2004 (2011/2012) Academic Year were about 311 Male & 317 Female Students, total of 628 students. However, this number has grown rapidly to 5015 Male & 2792 Female, total of 7807 enrolled students in Academic Year of 2007 E.C. (2014/2015 G.C.)

2.3 Socio-Economic Benefits (Purpose) of the Project

Debre Tabor University is dedicated to the supply of highly qualified and innovative human resource by providing societal needs-tailored quality education. Students will form the backbone of a qualified and adaptable human resource base that will drive Ethiopia's Economic Development Forward. DTU comprises different facilities in it and among these facilities the infrastructure works were major facilities which provide road accesses, sanitary facilities, and electrical uses for the university communities of beneficiaries.

2.4 Undesired Impacts of the Project

Environmental Impact Issues:

Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is a key aspect of many large scale planning applications. It is a technique which is meant to help us understand the potential environmental impacts of major development proposals. In a nut shell, EIA is just an information gathering exercise carried out by the developer and other bodies which enables a Local Planning Authority to understand the environmental affects of a development before deciding whether or not it should go ahead. The really important thing about environmental assessments is the emphasis on using the best available sources of objective information and in carrying out a systematic and holistic process which should be bias free and allow the local authority and the whole community to properly understand the impact of the proposed development. Environmental assessment should lead to better standards of development and in some cases development not happening at all.

Construction of DTU which includes infrastructure facilities has required about 126 hectares (1.26 km²) of land, which has been previously owned by 268 farmers, and nearly ETB=10,535,105.70 was paid for compensation and rehabilitation of those displaced Farmers. Among the 268 farmers, only 10 ceased farming and engaged in other occupations to earn their own living standards. AP considers as undesired impact here is that the statement in the document does not explain or address the final destinies of about 258 displaced farmers.

2.5 Source of Funding and Project Cost

The project is fully funded by The Government of Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia. From an unofficial source (document without official stamp) the initial estimated budget for the DTU construction project was ETB= 600,000,000.00 (Six Hundred Million). No clear documents or evidences which ascertain or verify this information. This was information obtained from Ato Tamene, 11 New Universities Construction Project Office Engineer, MoE.

2.6 Project Duration

The construction of DTU Infrastructure was divided in Two Phases based on their subsequent priorities. As stated in the contract agreement, the total construction duration for each phase was 365 Calendar days or 730 calendar days (Two Years) for the two phases. The contract agreement for the execution of Infrastructure was made on the date of 10th June, 2011 G.C (02 June, 2003 E.C.) that is from June 2003 E.C to the End of May 2004 E.C. Even though, at this time project is completed and providing its full service. But no clear evidence or documents were available to disclose whether the project is completed within the specified period of time as contract agreement or not. For the purpose of disclosure process, finding further information will continue and added in the final report.

3. Reactive Disclosure of Procurement and Contract Information-Contract-1

3.1 Reactive Disclosure of Procurement Information:-

3.1.1 Overview of the Procurement Process

Note: Assurance Professional (AP) will not further discuss concerning the Reactive Disclosure of Procurement and Contract Information concerning Consultancy Service -1 (Contract-1). The following information is only to highlight and introduce the NMSG-EC that who was the consultant involved in the Design Adaptation Providing Design Guide line or consultation, and, Topology Adaptation for Debre – Tabor University.

According to the information obtained from MoE, Design Adaptation up on slight modifications from the design experiences of previous thirteen (13) Universities, Provision of Design Guide Lines to the Newly Constructed Ten (10) Universities and Topology Adaptation were carried out by MH Consulting Architectures and Engineers Plc. However, there were no evidences disclosing about procurement and contract processes.

According to the information obtained from Eleven (11) University Construction Project Office, MH consultant was selected from his previous experience basis gained during the involvement of Design and Supervision of 13 Universities The selection process was based on consent of Higher Officials who were represented from MoE. In general, MH Consultant was selected for the **Design** Adaptation, Providing Design Guide Lines, and Typology Adaptation at a total contract price of ETB= Eleven (11) Million for Ten (10) New Construction of Universities including Debre-Tabor University.

- 4. Reactive Disclosure of Procurement and Contract Information Contract-2
- 4.1 Reactive Disclosure of Procurement Information:

Overview of the Procurement Process 4.1.1

The Contract Agreement for the consultancy service for Planning, Design Adaptation and Supervision Works (Contract Administration) was made between MoE and Ultimate Plan Plc Consulting Engineers and Architectures, on the day of September 25, 2009. The Procuring Entity has requested the supplier to carry out the above consultancy service and the Procuring Entity shall pay the supplier the contract Price of ETB=5,583,825.00 (Five Million Five Hundred Eighty Three Thousand Eight Hundred Twenty Five, including 15% VAT).

The Period within which the Service shall be commenced is Two (2) Weeks after the signing of the Contract.

- Contract Duration for Design Work was Three (3) Months after the commencement of the design works,
- The Construction Supervision and Contract Administration Consultancy Service have been continued until the project completion.

As stated in the unauthorized document (document without official stamp) issued by MoE, bid invitation process has been carried out by the MoE. But the date of bid invitation, total number of registered bidders, and rejected bidders with the reason were not stated in the available document. In the Technical and Financial Evaluation procedures, only two (2) candidates were evaluated for their final nomination.

On the basis of technical and financial evaluation points, Ultimate Plan Consulting A/E Plc has been selected for Planning, Design Adaptation and Supervision Works (Contract Administration) of both DTU Projects (Infrastructure & CYT & DHB). It was recalled that CoST-Ethiopia has written a letter to 10 new University Construction Project Office, MoE on the day of 09/08/2010 E.C. After accepting the official letter, project office has shown an enthusiastic corporation as much as possible. For this takes, 11 New Universities Construction Project Office Engineer Tamene Yigletu was the responsible one who facilitated providing available documents. He has cooperated providing relevant documents, except bid invitation & Tender Evaluation Documents for both consultancy services contract 1 & 2. After essential discussions, AP has tried to observe documentation store, the store was deadly locked store, i.e. it has been closed for years, no any responsible worker in providing required document, and documents were placed disorderly, thereby difficult to identify the required documents.

Generally the store was highly in a messed condition so that the situation has become very difficult to separate and found the required document as needed. There was no a responsible workers who can identify and provide the desired document. Because of above stated difficult situation, AP was unable to get an official Bid Invitation & Tender Evaluation Documents and has faced producing accurate and complete disclosed information about Bid advertisement and tender evaluation processes.

The figures tabulated in the Table 3 below describes Technical and Financial Evaluation process as was taken from unauthorized (unofficial) document obtained from the MoE. AP is responsible for this information and used this information only to verify that Tender Evaluation processes have been carried out by the MoE.

Table 3. Technical and Financial Evaluation Process

No	Bidders' Name	Final Accepted Contract	Weighted technical	Weighted financial	Total Score	Rank	
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		Amount (exclusive of 15% VAT)	score (80%)	score (20%)	(100%)	
1	Ultimate Plan A/E Plc	ETB=5,494,125.00	72.5	16	88.5	1
2	National Consulting A/E Plc	ETB=5,777,866.00	70.8	14.6	85.4	2

4.1.2 Verification of the Reactively Disclosed Procurement Information

4.1.2.1 Completeness of the Disclosed Procurement Information

Verifying the completeness of Disclosed Procurement Information substantially relies on the issued or provided documents or information by the concerned procuring Entities. From the Standard Disclosure Format Requirement, the average completeness of reactive disclosure of procurement information was about 55%.

4.1.2.2 Accuracy of the Disclosed Procurement Information

Accuracy of the Disclosed Procurement Information mainly relies on the issuance of related documents by each contracting bodies. Very limited documents were issued from MoE. The Accuracy of the Disclosed Procurement Information can be taken from SDT as 50%.

Analysis of the disclosed Procurement Information: 4.1.3

4.1.3.1 Compliance of the procurement Process with Rules of Advertisement

As observed from unofficial document, Ultimate Plan Consulting Architectures and Engineers Plc was select on the basis of Technical and Financial Evaluation process for the execution of Planning, Design Adaptation and Supervision Works (Contract Administration) of DTU projects. In order to verify whether procurement process (on time bid invitation, appropriate bidding dates, fair registration of competent bidders, reliable selection and rejection processes) was in compliance with rules of advertisement or not, it shall have been cross-checked from authorized documents, however this was not happen.

4.1.3.2 Efficiency of the Procurement Process

Official documents revealing about timely bid advertisement, number of registered bidders, rejected bidders, number of selected bidders, date of bid proposal submission, bid opening, appropriateness of bid evaluation process (technical and financial evaluation) were not available, and as a result AP was unable to verify the efficiency of the procurement process.

4.1.3.3 Fairness of the procurement Rules on Participation

In order to verify fairness of the procurement rules on participation solely relies on the concrete evidences or relevant documents, as a result this was not possible due to missing documents.

4.1.3.4 Transparency of the Tender Evaluation Process

For the service of Planning, Design Adaptation, Construction Supervision (Contract Administration), three candidates were evaluated for their Technical and Financial Capacities, as discussed in section 5.1.1; the least bidder or supplier (ultimate Plan Consulting firm Plc) was selected among other two candidates. However, this information was obtained from the unauthorized/unofficial document issued by MoE, but it was not cross-checked from the concrete evidences.

4.1.3.5 Objectivity of the Tender Evaluation and the Award Criteria

The evaluation of tenders is the stage in the procurement process during which a contracting authority identifies which one of the tenders meeting the set requirements is the best one on the basis of the pre-announced award criteria, either the lowest-priced or the most economically advantageous tender. The qualified tenderer whose tender has been determined to be either the lowest-priced or the most economically advantageous, as the case may be, is awarded the contract.

The award criteria are the criteria that constitute the basis on which a contracting authority chooses the best tender and awards a contract. These criteria must be established in advance by the contracting authority and must not be prejudicial to fair competition. In order to confirm the above objectivity of Tender Evaluation and Award Criteria in the implementation of DTU infrastructure works.

4.1.3.6 Competitiveness of the Award Criteria

Only two consultants were evaluated for the consultancy service of Contract Administration and Construction Supervision. The detail award process was not clearly stated in the available document. As there were no additional supporting documents and clear information, verification and analysis was not satisfactorily carried out by AP in order to compare and contrast the competitiveness of the award criteria between the competitive bidders.

4.1.3.7 Overview of Contract Milestones: Original scope, Time and Cost

From the latest response or information obtained from DTU's assigned members, there were no any changes concerning original project scope, time, & cost issues. Moreover, documents revealing the changes of original project scope, time, and cost were not available; AP is responsible for this disclosed information

4.2 Reactive Disclosure of Contract Information:

Overview of the Contract Information 4.2.1

The contract agreement was made between MoE and Ultimate Plan Plc on the day of 25th September, 2009 G.C. The procuring Entity has requested the supplier to provide certain consultancy services as defined in the contract. The supplier having represented the Procuring Entity that it has required professional skills, personnel and technical resources, having agreed to provide the services on the terms and conditions set forth in the contract. According to the contract document, the supplier or consultant will provide the overall service on Planning, Design Adaptation and Construction Supervision (Contract Administration).

In the Contact Document, the following statements had been described and agreed between the two parties (MoE and the supplies or consultant):

- The Mutual Rights and Obligations of Procuring Entity and the Supplier shall be as set forth in the contract, in particular:
- The supplier shall carry out the services in accordance with the provisions of contract; and (a)
- The Procuring Entity shall pay the supplier the contract price of ETB= 5,583,825.00 (Five (b) Million Five Hundred Eighty Three Thousand Eight Hundred Twenty Five) including 15% VA) and other sum as may become payable under the provision of contract, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Contract. This contract price include for Infrastructure, CTY & DHB contract prices.

The Period within which the Service shall be commenced is Two (2) Weeks after the signing of the Contract. Contract Duration for Design Work was Three (3) Months after the commencement of the design works. Planning Design Adaptation, Construction Supervision (Contract Administration) Consultancy Service has been continued until the project completion.

Verification of Disclosed Contract Information 4.2.2

4.2.2.1 Completeness of the Disclosed Contract Information

Verifying the completeness of Reactively Disclosed Procurement Information substantially relies on the issued or provided documents for cross-checking purposes. Full Contract Document for the service of Planning, Design Adaptation, and Construction Supervision was obtained only from MoE, Ten New Construction Project Office. Even though, the document issued by MoE, was complete and official document, for need of further cross-checking purpose of completeness of Reactively Disclosed Contract Information, the additional documents/evidences shall have been provided by DTU. Thus, the completeness of disclosed contract information will be one sided. Hence AP has put his own judgment that the completeness of reactive disclosure of contract information was 75% on the basis of SDF requirement.

4.2.2.2 Accuracy of the Disclosed Contract Information

The accuracy of disclosed contract information also depends on the availability of adequate and relevant documents and further attempt will continue to provide additional information. As required in SDT Accuracy of the Disclosed Procurement Information can be taken as 70 %.

Analysis of Disclosed Contract Information: 4.2.3

4.2.3.1 Issues Related to Contract Price

Documents revealing any deviation or anticipated contract price changes were not issued contemporarily from both of bodies, MoE, and DTU. As a result providing reliable information about changes on contract price compared to the original contract price. Thus, AP was unable to include justified and confirmed information on changes to the original contract price.

4.2.3.2 Issues Related to Contract Duration

As stated in the contract agreement document: the period the expiration of the contract for the design work is:

- I. Three (3) months after the commencement of design work or such other time as parties may agree;
- II. The Construction Supervision and Contract Administration Consultancy Service: up to the completion of the construction work.

4.2.3.3 Issues Related to Contract Scope

Documents explaining or revealing any contract scope or project program changes were not issued by MoE, DTU, Consultants, or Contractors. Basically the documents issued/provided by MoE DTU assigned staff was very limited and further assessment and justification were influenced. Thus, producing necessary and reliable information concerning any changes of contract scope, compared to original contract scope was a crucial problem in this report.

- 5. Reactive Disclosure of Procurement and Contract Information Contract -3 (Works)
- 5.1 Reactive Disclosure of Procurement Information:

5.1.1 Overview of the Procurement Process

A priority concern for the Government of Ethiopia, for the implementation of Ten (10) New Universities was promoting and encouraging the involvement of those contractors participating in the Regional Housing Development Programs. FDRE has given a mandate to Debre Tabor Construction Housing Development Agency to carry out the construction of CYT & DHB buildings of DTU. The construction of Debre Tabor was based on Fixed Price Contract Basis. From the point of view of Fixed Price Contract Basis, AP perceives the requirements for Bid Advertisement and Tender Evaluation Processes will not necessarily considered for the selection procedure of respective contractors.

The execution of DTU Administrative Offices and Student Dormitories (CYT & DHB) were given to the contractors who were selected on the basis of Fixed Price and Best Performances gained from their past Housing Development Construction Practices. As stated in the contract documents, "the selection process of contractors, who were desired to be engaged in the construction of DTU projects (CYT & DHB) were privileged according to the Directive Set for the Execution of Ten New Universities". The point to be stressed here is the question of hallmarking what was the general content of the "Directive Set for the Execution of Ten New Universities" and was it in compliance with principles and procedures set in Public Procurement Processes? This shall be checked only when "Performance Directive" Document is obtained

Thus, it was not possible to conclude, whether or not the procedure used for the selection process of contractors was in compliance with the rules and principles stipulated in Public Procurement.

Verification of the Disclosed Procurement Information 5.1.2

5.1.2.1 Completeness of the Disclosed Procurement Information

The procedure for the selection of contractors in CYT & DHB construction activities was based on the previous participation in the construction of Amhara Regional Housing Development and best performances of contractors during their achievements. Completeness of reactive disclosure of procurement information from SDT count was about 75%.

5.1.2.2 Accuracy of the Disclosed Procurement Information

The selection procedure was as stated above in section 5.1.2.1, and accuracy of reactive disclosure of procurement information from SDT count was taken as 70%.

Analysis of the Reactively Disclosed Information 5.1.3

5.1.3.1 Compliance of Procurement Process with the Rules of Advertisement

In order to cross-check about the conformity of procurement process with rules of advertisement, any documented selection process or procedures supported with concrete evidences shall have been obtained, however, this was not happened. AP understands that the selection process has its own procedure and rules that may follow stipulated steps or rules that are contained in the PPAA document.

5.1.3.2 Efficiency of the Procurement Process (Timeliness)

The efficiency of the procurement process depends on the selection procedure/process that was used for selection of contractors with best performances in the Housing Development Programs.

5.1.3.3 Fairness of the Procurement Rules on Participation

Fairness of the procurement rules on participation depends on the selection format of Performance Directive document used for selection process of contractors. To provide complete and accurate information, whether or not the selection process was in compliance with the procurement rules of the standard document, it requires further analysis based on the detail contents of the document.

5.1.3.4 Transparency of the Tender Evaluation Process

As was discussed in detail in the above sections, all contractors who were involved in the construction of CYT and DHB were selected based on their previous construction performance levels and the contract agreements were held on fixed price basis. AP understands that the transparency of tender evaluation process may not be necessarily carried out during the selection process. Since, the selection criterion has been set or has been negotiated among the respective parties for the selection of required contractors.

5.1.3.5 Objectivity of the Tender Evaluation and award Criteria

The evaluation of tenders is the stage in the procurement process during which a contracting authority identifies which one of the tenders meeting the set requirements is the best one on the basis of the pre-announced award criteria, either the lowest-priced or the most economically advantageous tender. The qualified tenderer whose tender has been determined to be either the lowest-priced or the most economically advantageous, as the case may be, is awarded the contract. The award criteria are the criteria that constitute the basis on which a contracting authority chooses the best tender and awards a contract. These criteria must be established in advance by the contracting authority and must not be prejudicial to fair competition.

5.1.3.6 Competitiveness of the Award Price

The Contract Award Price was based on the fixed price basis, thus AP considers under this type of selection process, award price competitiveness may not be carried out.

5.1.3.7 Overview of Contract Milestones: Original scope, Time and Cost

There were no observed or registered changes on original contract scope. Concerning time and cost issues, moreover, in the latest information, DTU assigned staff has corroborated that there were no changes concerning original scope, time, and cost issues. Thus, AP could not verify concerning these issues, as a result complete and accurate information was not addressed to NMSG-EC.

5.2 Reactive Disclosure of Contract Information:

Overview of the Contract Process 5.2.1

The selection process for the construction of DTU Projects (Court Yard Type and Decentralized Head Office/Administrative Buildings), was based on mutual consensus made between MoE and ANRSHDPO. According to the documents obtained from both PEs, ANRSHDPO shall deliver those contractors who have participated and acquired best performances in the construction of housing development programs. For the execution of DTU Projects about Fourteen (14) Contractors with Grade III-VI have been engaged. Among the 14 contractors, majority were made a contract agreement on the 3rd day of March, 2011 G.C. The sum of the total contract price of those 14 contractors was, ETB=158,679,465.13 (One Hundred Fifty Eighty Million Six Hundred Seventy Nine Thousand Four Hundred sixty five 13/100) on the fixed price basis.

The contract process of works had followed the direction set out in the inception document involving Performance Based Short Listing of Contractors by Regional Housing Development Offices. The Joint assessment of the offices' recommendation was carried out by a committee comprising representatives of MoE and Regional Housing Development Project Offices and final approval by the Higher Management Body of the Ministry of Education.

Verification of the Disclosed Contract Information: 5.2.2

5.2.2.1 Completeness of the disclosed Contract Information

The information about the participation of fourteen (14) contractors in the construction of CYT & DHB buildings was obtained only from MoE. No documents were available from DTU's Offices for cross-checking purposes. However, AP shall take responsibility that Reactive Disclosure of Contract Information was complete, since full document was obtained from MoE. The degree of completeness of reactive disclosure of contract information from SDT count was taken as 80%.

5.2.2.2 Accuracy of the Disclosed Contract Information

In order to verify the accuracy of Reactive Disclosure of Contract Information, the information which carries the similar contents shall have been obtained from both parties. But the information was one sided, thus AP may consider the accuracy of disclosed contract information may be taken as 70%.

Analysis of the Disclosed Contract Information 5.2.3

5.2.3.1 Issues Related to Contract Price

There was no any information or document revealing about contract prices changes. In addition to this DTU staff has confirmed that there were no changes concerning contract prices.

5.2.3.2 Issues Related to Contract Duration

There was no any information or document revealing about contract duration changes. Besides, DTU staff has confirmed that there were no changes concerning contract duration.

5.2.3.3 Issues Related to Contract Scope

The contract scope changes were not stated in any of documents obtained, in addition to this information the client has responded that there were no any changes related to contract scope.

6. Findings and Causes of Concerns

6.1 Findings

6.1.1 Consultancy Service for Contract Administration Construction Supervision Works

According to the documents issued/obtained from MoE, there were number of information addressing problems associated with the services of Ultimate Plan Plc. The problems stated in the documents were as described below:

- In most cases, consultant side construction supervisors, were not available on the project site (a) on time and unable to provide work directions to the contractor side workers;
- (b) There were problems in providing necessary and completed design works to the contractors to begin their construction activities as early as possible in accordance with the time scheduled;
- (c) Problems in submitting copies of contractors' contract agreement that was made with MoE and consultant's coordination problems with contractor side workers has created serious problems on day to day construction activities;
- (d) There was Road Design Problems that leads to the extra cost increment and time delay;
- Delay of release of finance on time and as necessitated; were the major ones, (e)

It is remembered that CoST-Ethiopia had written a letter on 23/11/2010 E.C. to the DTU, for the additional documents and DTU has responded on the date of 09/12/2010 E.C. AP has careful assessed those documents and identified that DTU has given thanks letter for good achievement/ performance to Ultimate Plan A/E Plc despite the fact that all the above problems (a- e) were happened. According to AP's opinion, provision of such confirmation letter shows that the client was reluctant to the problems that have been happened. For all of the findings stated above, AP will take responsibility to ascertain that reactive information provided were identified and taken from the documents obtained from MoE & DTU.

6.2 Causes of Concerned

Time Concerns 6.2.1

Assurance Professional has faced series challenges to highlight and produce convincing and sound report to the MSG-EC on Reactive Disclosure Information, Concerning Cost and Time Overruns. The main reason for this failure was unwillingness of Procuring Entities (especially DTU's assigned staff) in providing adequate and relevant documents. AP has tried to discuss about the crucial issue and presumed solutions at different occasions with CoST -Ethiopia Country Coordinator.

The following causes of concerns for time delays were stated in the documents available from MoE as follows:

- Coordination problems associated with consultant in providing activity schedules and I. work orders to the contractors;
- Road Design problems were obstacles for early start of road construction activities; II.
- Delay of release of finance on time and as necessitated to execute the construction III. activities properly;

IV. Existence of inappropriate coordination among the contracting Parties (Client, consultant, and contractor).

Assurance Professional has examined that an excessive time has been pushed forward to complete the CYT & DHB buildings.

Cost Concerns 6.2.2

AP has tried to examine that the time delays were an adversarial causes for the extra time requirements, and increased costs and there were available documents revealing certainly the cost increments during the construction activities.

6.2.3 **Quality Concerns**

The Debre Tabor Infrastructure project was completed before three years ago, and currently it is providing its full services. Unfortunately, during his first project site trip, AP was unable to inspect quality aspects of the existing structures because of prohibition of security condition. Thus, AP has not determined any quality concerns as there were no tangible evidences revealing quality concerns.

7. Conclusion and Recommendations

7.1 Conclusion

The objective of this project task is to enhance the Transparency of Procuring Entities (PEs) and Construction Companies by Disclosing Infrastructure Data Standard at all Stages of Construction Project Cycle, from the initial identification of project to the final completion. The principal aim of CoST is about to increase transparency through the release of project information into the public domain. In order to ensure that the released information is both accurate and available in a form that can easily be understood by stakeholders, it would need to be verified and analyzed by Assurance Professional appointed by the Multi-stakeholder Group Executive Committee.

The Assurance Professional is responsible to verify and analyze Reactive Disclosure of Information on Contract and Procurement Processes on the selected projects and has to produce reports that are clearly intelligible to the non-specialist, by highlighting the major findings and causes of concerns. Producing convincing and sound reports mainly relies on the adequate and relevant documents obtained from respective contracting bodies such as client or owner, consultant and contractor.

The major challenges for AP during data verification and analysis periods were, obtaining adequate and relevant documents from Procuring Entities. Still the following documents were not obtained either from MoE or DTU:

- Tocuments revealing Bid Invitation and Tender Evaluation Processes: for Consultancy Service of Design Adaptation and Construction Supervision (*Contract-1*);
- Tocuments revealing Bid Invitation and Tender Evaluation Processes: for Consultancy Service of Contract Administration and Construction Supervision Works (Contract-2);
- Amhara National Regional State "Performance Directive" Document used for selection process of contractors for Infrastructure Works (Contract-3);

Each party has given its own answer for the non issuance of above mentioned documents:

MoE: Responses the documents of Bid Invitation and Tender Evaluation processes for Contract-1 & 2 are available in the dead file or document shelf, but there is no an organized staff who is responsible to find and provide these documents from such dead and disorganized document Shelf.

DTU: Responses that the above mentioned documents are not available in DTU's office, but may be available in the offices of MoE.

Consequently AP was not able to produce complete and accurate Reactive Disclosure of Information about Bid Invitation and Tender Evaluation Processes.

The main findings Causes of Concerns under this Assignment were:

- Generally there were critical problems in documentation handling and organization, especially as observed from DTU project offices;
- There were indications describing possible happenings of early construction delays (time delays) that can be taken as major causes for cost increments;
- Provisions of supplementary work contracts for the similar one individual contractor, without setting major preconditions, if so, this situation leads a controversial and disputable actions among the parties, moreover if the actions were not appropriate and reasonable, the chances of participation of other contracting bodies will be affected and violated,
- The unorganized and uncoordinated relations between consultants and contractors have created problems during the early project construction activities, thereby leading to the unexpected project cost increases and considerable time delays (as stated in the provided documents).

7.2 Issues Recommended for Further Review

- ♦ In most cases, the existing data handling and organization system is an obsolete system, thus it has to be modernized and scientific data-base system;
- Obtaining adequate and relevant documents or information from Client /owner, consultant and contractors is a crucial problem, to enhance the commitment and transparency among the contracting parties, supplementary promotions shall be widely applied to the contracting parties;
- ♦ The applicability of the Standard Bidding Document (SBD) prepared by the Agency to serve as a point of reference in the preparation of bidding documents by public bodies shall be maintained and consistently used especially in publicly financed projects;
- ♦ When Public bodies use the procurement Methods such as Single Source/Direct or Restricted Procurement Methods, the conditions that have contained in the procurement Methods, shall be clearly stated and explained in the contract documents prepared by any public bodies;

♦ AP recommends that the Reactive Disclosure of Information on public projects shall be usually considered before the projects become fully completed. From AP's perception point of view, appropriate construction control measures can be better achievable if they are applied before the projects are fully completed.

LIST OF FIGURES



Figure 1-Library, Vision and Mission of DTU



Figure 2-Dormitories (CYT+DHB Buildings) & Road Section (Infrastructure)



Figure 2- Main Administrative Buildings and Road Sections



Figure 4-Laboratory Buildings

Annex 1. Contraction of CYT & DHB Buildings

S. No.	Main Designer of DUT	Consultant or Supplier of DUT	Services Provided or Works Executed	Amount of contract Price (ETB)	Contract Date (G.C. or E.C.)	Duration of Agreement for the execution/comp letion of works	Constru ction Type (Infrastr ucture or CYT+D HB	Construction Round & Phase	Remarks
I	MH Engineering Plc Consulting E/A		Detail Design of DTU Consultancy service for Construction Supervision	ETB =11 Million (for all Ten (10) New Universities)	May 15, 2009 G.C	Three Months	-	-	Note; Contract prices are Darken ones
II		Ultimate Plan Plc Consulting A/E Tel.:01155 22925/26 Fax:011- 5522928 A.A	Planning, Design Adaptation, Supervision Works	ETB= ETB= 5,583,825.00 (including 15% VAT) This contract price includes infrastructure, CYT & DHB contract prices	25 th September , 2009 G.C.	From 1 st year to the 5 th year	-	Up to the completion of the project (5year period)	As stated in WBD analysis as, not specified in Contract Agreement
III	Amdemicha Grade-III General Co	el Temesgen, ntractor	1. Road Works 2. Sanitary Works	1. Phase- I Infrastructure Works LOT-A =38,708,640.06 LOT B =13,562,298.22 2. Phase-II Infrastructure Works =35,451,345.49 3. Total=87,722,283.76 4. 15% =13,158,342.56	10 th June, 2011 G.C.	The Completion Date for the two Phases (Phase-I & Phase II) is after 730 Calendar days (or Two Years)	Infrastru cture	Infrastructure Phase-I (LOT- A & LOT -B) & Infrastructure Phase-II	

		3. Electrical Works	5. G. Total=100,880,626.32 -CP					
1	Takele Tadele –Grade-V General Contractor	 DO-CYT Block No.213 DHB-T2 Block No. 104 Lot-B 	ETB= 16,769,120.56 including 15% VAT	December 01, 2014 G.C	270 days	CYT+D HB	Participated from Phase IV Round IV	In the completion time, it says 270 cal days for B.No.213 & 210 C. days for B.No.104, Total 270 C days.
2	Assefa Alemu B.C. Grade- IV Building Contractor	- Block Do-T1 G+2 B-240 - Cupboard work (Variation) - Terrazzo tread & riser	6,946,195.96 704,933.83 26,496.0	06/06/200 7 E.C	150 days	CYT+D HB	Phase I from round 3-	
		(variation)	Total=7,988,125.35 including 15% VAT (CP)					
3	Biruk Delelegn Grade- VI Building Contractor	- Dormitories - Laundry	 5,916,486.25 303,961.49 Sub-Total=6,220,447.74 10 % Contingency=622,044.77 	May 07, 2010 G.C.	180 days	СҮТ	Phase I from round 3/4 th	

4	Takele Tadele B.C. Grade-V Building Contractor	Dormitories	5. Total=6,842,492.51 6. 15% VAT=684,249.25 7. G. Total=7,526,741.77-CP 1. 5,916,486.25 2. Sub-Total=5,916,486.25 3. 10%	May 07, 2010 G.C.	180 days	CYT	Phase I from round 3/4 th	
			6. G. Total=7,158,948.36-CP					
5	Mulugeta Biazen Grade B.C	1.Kitchen 1 2.Dinning hall T1 1 3.Laboratory L1 1 4.Classroom 1	1. 1.3,512,396.87 2. 2,617,325.92 3. 4847,105.98 4. 3,235,308.96 5. Sub-Total=13,212,137.73 6. 10%	May 07, 2010 G.C.	270 days	CYT		There is a mistake in computation of Contract price (Case 15% VAT)

	T	T	T	I	I	I	I	
			contingency.=1,321,21377					
			7. Total=14,533,351.50					
			8. 15% VAT=2,180,002.73					
			9. G. Total=15,986,686.65-CP					
	Agegn Demissie B.C.	1.Semonar M1L 1	1. 1.3,776,497.81					
		2.Lecture Hall D1 1	2. 2.1,352,302.51					
		3.Library L1-T1 1	3. 3.6,285,228.02					
			4. Sub-total=11,414,028.34					
6			5. 10%Conti.=1,141,402.83	May 07, 2010 G.C.	240 days	CYT		
			6. Total=12,555,431.17					
			7. 15% VAT=1,255,543.12					
			8. G.Total=13,810,974.29-CP					
	Takele Tadele G.C.	General Store	1. Total=1,723,213.87					For overall
7			2. 15% VAT=258,482.08	18 th June, 2011.G.C.	120 days	СҮТ		
			3.Grand sum=1,981695.95-CP					
8	Kest G.C. Grade -V	1. 1.Dormitary	1. 5,007,497.87	3 rd	150 days	CYT	Phase I or II from	Total Contract

	Building Contractor	2.	Type 1WTV(DO- T1/TV-227) 2.Washing Basin (LN-T2- 312) Washing Basin (LN-T2-310)	2. 347,854.46 3. 348,098.94 4. Sub-total=5,703,451.27 5. 15% VAT=855,517.69 6. Total=6,558,968.96-CP 7. 10% Conti.=655,896.96 8. G.Total=7,214,865.86	March ,201 1 G.C.			round 3/4th, but significant delay of completion in 4th round has been mentioned in the document	Amount is yellow shaded one
9	Assefa Negash B.C.	1. 2.	Dormitory (DO- T1/TV-129) Dormitory (DO- T1/TV-122)	1. 4,994,420.65 2. 4,996,953.20 3. Sub-total=9,991,373.85 4. 15% VAT=1,490,706.08 5. Total=11,490,079.93-CP 6. 10% contingency=1,149,007.99 7. G. Total=12,639,087.92	3 rd March,201 1 G.C.	150 days	СҮТ		Total Contract Amount is yellow shaded one

10	Shegaw Almayehu B.C.	2.	(LAB-T1-113) 1 Seminar Building (SE-M1-111)	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	4,773,316.81 5,030,421.75 Sub-Total=9,803,738.56 15% VAT=1,470,560.78 Total= 11,274,299.34 -CP 10% Conti.=1,127,429.93 G.Total=12,401,729.28	3 rd March,201 1 G.C.	150 days	CYT		
11	Abay Demissie B.C. Grade- III	 2. 3. 	Central library Small (L1-T1- 117) Decentralized Admin. Building (DAB-T1-115) Lecture Hall Double (1-116)	2.	7,998,722.75 2,659,385.14 1,597,676.04 Sub-Total=12,255,783.93 15% VAT=1,838,367.59 Total= 14,094,151.52 -CP 10% Conti.=1,409,415.15 G. Total=15,503.566.67	3 rd March,201 1 G.C.	180 days	DHB	Phase I or II from round 3/4 th	
12	Alemnew Abrha B.C.	1.	Laboratory	1.	4,890,668.60	3 rd	150 days	CYT	Phase I or II from	

	Grade-III	(LAB-T1-132) 2. Injera Bakery (IB-T1)	 1,097,248.26 Sub-Total=5,987,916.86 15% VAT=898,187.53 Total=6,886,104.39 -CP 10% Conti.=668,610.44 G.Total=7,574,745.75 	March,201 1 G.C.			round 3/4, but significant delay of completion in 4 th round has been mentioned in the document	
13	Biset Asmamaw B.C. Grade- II	 Dormitory Court yard (DO-CYT-T1-218) Dormitory Type 3 (DO-T3-217) Washing Basin (LN-T2-309) 	1. 8,033,049.86 2. 3,056,090.29 3. 310,578.25 4. Sub-total=11,399,718.40 5. 15% VAT=1,709,957.76 6. Total=13,109,676.16-CP	3 rd March,201 1 G.C.	150 days	CYT	Phase I or II from round 3/4 th	

			7. 10% onti.=1,310,967.62 8. G.Total=14,420,643.78					
14	Assefa Alemu B.C. Grade-IV	1. Dormitory (DO-T1/TV-221)	 4,960,658.85 15% VAT=744,098.83 Total= 5,704,757.68-CP 10% Conti.=570,475.77 G. Total=6,275,233.45 	3 rd March,201 1 G.C.	150 days	СҮТ	Phase I or II from round 3/4 th	
15	Haile H/Selassie B.C.	8. Dormitory DO- T1/TV-220)	1. 4,989,848.28 2. 15% VAT=748,477.24 3. Total= 5,738,325.52-CP 4. 10% Conti.=573,832.55 5. G.Total=6,312,158.07	3 rd March,201 1 G.C.	150 days			
16	Tilahune Dessie B.C.	1. Decentralized Admin.Blg (DAB-T2-119) - 1 2. Student Lounge	 2,706,135.96 952,204.44 	3 rd March,201 1 G.C.	120 days	DHB		

			(SL-T1-118) -1							
		3.	Work-shop (WS-	3.	1,721,650.95					
		4.	T1-144) - 1 Bread Baker	4.	711,143.09					
		٦.	(BA-T2-14) -1	5.	Sub-Total=6,091,134.44					
				6.	155 VAT=913,670.13					
				7.	Total=7,004,804.61-CP					
				8.	10% Conti.=700,480.46					
				9.	G.Total=7,705,285.07					
	Hassen Abdella B.C.	1.	Dormitory Court Yard (DO-CYT-	1.	8,046,610.34					
		2.	T1-225) Dormitory	2.	3,063,765.69					
			Type-3 (DO-T3- 226)	3.	15% Vat=1,666,613.69	3^{rd}				
17				4.	Total=12,777,371.60 -CP	March,201 1 G.C.	180 days	CYT		
				5.	10% Conti.=1,277,737.60					
				6.	G.Total=14,055,108.76					
18	Biruk Delelegn B.C.	1.	Clinical Building -1	1. 2.	ETB=3,746,706.45 ETB=241,382.48	12 th August,	150 days	CYT	Phase-I or II	
			Danding 1	۷.	211,302.10	2011 G.C.			3/4 th round	

	2. Washing Basin	3. Subtotal=3,988,088.93	
		4. 15% VAT=598,213.33	
		5. Total=4,586,302.27-CP	

*CP-Contract Price

Totally about 14 contractors have been involved (according to the document issued by MoE). But

*Some contractors have been involved in the construction twice and more than twice:

- E.g. 1 Takele Taddesse Three-times (Three Different Contract agreements).
 - 2. Birku Demissie- twice (has taken two different Contract Agreements).
 - 3. Assefa Almu twice (has taken two different Contract Agreements).

Annex 2. Standard Disclosure Template

	DISCLOSURE OF PROCUREMENT & CONTRACT INFORMATION FOR INFRASTRUCTURE OF DTU								
PHASE	ITEMS OF DISCLOSURE	DESIGN	CONTRACT	CONSTRUCTION WORKS					
			ADMINISTRATION &						
		(Contract 1)	CONSTRUCTION	(Contract 3)					
		,	SUPREVISION -(Contract 2)	` ,					
окш.	Date of Disclosure	April 25,2018	April 25,2018	April 25,2018					
PRO CUR EME	Contract Title	Detail design of DTU	Contract document preparation	Construction of CYT and DHB					
ППОШ		Infrastructures	& construction supervision						

INFORM ATION	Location	Addis Ababa	Addis Ababa	Amhara Regional Housing Development Project Offices	
(30	Procuring Entity	MoE	MoE	MoE on the Behalf of ANRHDP	
ITÉMS)	Source for further Information	 MoE , 10 New Universities Project Construction Office 	 MoE , 10 New Universities Project Construction Office 	MoE , 10 New UniversitiesProject Construction Office	
		Mobile Phone: +251-911366748	Mobile Phone: +251- 911366748	Mobile Phone: +251-911366748	
		DTU Construction Project Office	DTU Construction ProjectOffice	DTU Construction Project Office	
		Mobile Phone: +251- 911042291	Mobile Phone: +251- 911042291	Mobile Phone: +251- 911042291	
	Date of Procurement Notice	NA	NA	NR	
	Floating Period of Procurement notice	NA	NA	NR	
	Media Used for Procurement Notice	NA	NA	NR	
	Method of Procurement	Direct Procurement	Open Bidding	Restricted Tendering	
	Type of Procurement	Consultancy Service	Consultancy Service	Works (CYT & DHB)	
	Procurement Procedure	Direct Procurement		Performance Directive	
	Evaluation Criteria	NA	Best Technical Fitness	Best Performance during the Housing Development Construction	
	Type of Contract & Project Delivery Method	Unit Price+ Design Bid Build	Lump sum+ Design Bid Build	Fixed Price	
	Type and Amount of Bid Security	-	-	-	
	Content of any Complaint	-	-	-	

lodged			
Engineer's Estimate	-	-	-
Date of bid opening	-	-	-
No. of Bidders Participated, rejected, declined to submit	-	-	-
Award Firm/Contracting Firm	MoE	MoE	Amhara Regional Housing Development Construction Project Office
Date of Contract Award	May 15, 2009 G.C	25 th September , 2009 G.C.	Most of Contractors on the days May 07, 2010 G.C.& 10 th June, 20 G.C.
Award Price/Original contract Price	ETB =11 Million including VAT for Ten New Universities as a whole, not specified for Individuals (including DTU)	ETB= 5,494,125.00 Including 15% VAT	ETB=100,880,626.32 includi VAT
Unit Contract Price(Price/Km, price/Sq. m)	-	-	-
Contract Security Type & Amount	NA	NA	NA
Date of Contract Signing	May 15, 2009 G.C	25 th September, 2009 G.C.	May 07, 2010 G.C & 10 th Ju 2011 G.C
Contract Scope	Design Adaptation of DTU	Contract Administration throughout project completion	Construction of Court Yard Typ dormitories & Decentralized Head Office Buildings.
Description of Contract & Contract Components	Design Adaptation of DTU up slight modifications from previous 13 universities experience and Consultancy service for Construction Supervision	Consultancy Service for Contract Administration and Supervision Works of roads facility, Sanitary works, Electrical Installation works of DTU	Works-Construction of camp road facilities, Campus sanita Works, Electrical Installati works
Contract Administration Entity	-	Ultimate Plan Consulting A/E Plc	-
Contract duration	3 Months	Until the completion of	Different Calendar Days for

		Infrastructure construction works	about 14 or more contractors, depending on project type. In most cases from the interval of 120 -270 calendar days.
Contract Start Date	After commencement	Three weeks after Commencement of Design Work	After commencement
Intended completion Date	Three months for design	-	-

DISCLOSURE OF CONTRACT INPLEMENTATION

4 ITEMS)	Contract Status (ongoing % progress, terminated, completed		Completed	
	Completion date(Revised, Projected, Actual)	-	-	-
41)	Change to contract	There were no any changes in	There were no any changes in	There were no any changes in
Z	Duration with Reason	relation to contract duration	relation to contract duration	relation to contract duration
IMPLEMENTATION	Amount of Liquidated Damage, if applied (Penalty for Delay)	-	-	-
₩	Contract price (Revised,	There were no any contract price	There were no any contract	There were no any contract price
Scol	Projected, Actual)	changes	price changes	changes
	Changes to Contract Price with Reason	There were no any changes in relation to contract duration	There were no any changes in relation to contract duration	There were no any changes in relation to contract duration
	Scope at Completion	DTU have enrolled students starting 2005 E, C, No. of students increasing from time to time each year & about 7807 total students were enrolled in the year of 2007 E.C.		
	Change to contract	NA	NA	NA
	Duration with Reason	IVA	INA	IVA
	Total Payment Effected	ETB =11 Million including VAT	ETB= 5,494,125.00 Including	Most Payment Certificates were not
			VAT	issued to know total payment

				effected
	Warranty Type &			ellected
	Description	-	-	-
	Details of Termination if			
	Applied	-	-	-
	Safety Measures (Accident & Death)	-	-	-
	Quality of Work (Very	DTU Project was completed befor	re five years ago, for its major con	nponents like road works, sanitary
	Good, Good, Inferior, Impossible to comment)	installation works, electrical installation works, student dormitories, lounges, so quality issue was not inspected during the first project site visit.		
	Disputed Issues & Award Details	Construction of DTU has required about 126 hectares (1.26 km²) of land, which has been previously owned by 268 farmers. The disputed farmers were nearly paid ETB=10,535,105.70 for compensation and rehabilitation purposes for the displacement of farmers from their farm		
		lands.		
		DISCLOSURE OF PROJECT	INFORMATION	
	Date of Disclosure	April 24,2018	April 24,2018	NA
	Project Owner	Debre Tabor University		
<u>⊢</u>	Project Name	Debre Tabor University Infrastructure		
	Sector, sub-sector	Education		
3 🖺	Project location	Debre Tabor Town (East Gondar)		
<u>α</u> 6	Project Purpose	To provide facility to the beneficiaries		
PRELIMINARY PROJECT INFORMATION (18 ITEMS)	Project Description	Development or Construction of Infrastructure works DTU includes Road works, Sanitary works, Electrical installation works, sport facilities and others, for the contemporary students and permanent dwellers of university		
	Original Project Scope	NA		
PREL	Project Components	Design Adaptation: for infrastructure facilities Consultancy Service: for construction supervision all infrastructure works		

		Contract Administration: for overall campus infrastructure works		
		Consultancy Services on : Contract Administration & Construction Supervision		
		Civil Works: Construction of roads, sanitary facilities electrical installations and others.		
	Environmental Impact		-	
	Land & settlement Impact		-	
	Estimated budget of the project with break –down of components		-	
	Funding Source(s)		Government Budget	
	Project Budget Approval Date	NA NA		
	Project Start Date (Planned, Actual)	May 30, 2009 G.C	October 06, 2009 G.C.	-
	Planned/Original Duration for Completing the Whole Project	-	-	-
	Planned or Original Cost of Project	About 600,000,000.00 (Not Verified from Other source)		
	DISCLOSURE OF PROJECT INFORMATION			
око 	Cost of the Project at Completion		-	

	01	
ITEMS)	Change of project Cost with	-
	Reason	
	Project Completion Date	
	(Revised, Projected,	-
=	Actual)	
8)	Actual duration for	
	Completing the Whole	-
COMPLETION	Project	
	Change of Project Duration	
 	with Reason	-
Ō	Project Scope at	
	Completion	-
AT	Change of Project Scope	
	with reason	-
	References to Documents	MoE, 10 New Universities Project Construction Office
<u> </u>	for disclosure upon request	
≥	(Reactive Disclosure)	Mobile Phone: +251-911366748
INFORMATION	'	MICHIGATIONS. 1201 011000170
"		TIL Construction Project Office
=		DTU Construction Project Office
		Mobile Phone: +251-911042291

^{*}NA-Information Not Available (This is to mean that required information or documents were not issued by the concerned bodies (MoE, DTU, Consultants, & Contractors)

^{*}NR-Not Required

^{*}Information Completeness & Accuracy (At Procurement Information):45% (Reducing Number of not available/issued information).

* Information Completeness & Accuracy (At Contract Implementation): 65% >> * Information Completeness & Accuracy (At Preliminary Project Information: 75% >> * Information Completeness & Accuracy (At Project Information at Completion):85% >>

^{*-} There were no any changes as information obtained from DTU

GLOSSARY: ALPHABETICAL LIST OF TERMS

Accountability (From CoST's Point of View): CoST's aim is to enhance the accountability of procuring bodies and construction companies for the cost and quality of public-sector construction projects. The core accountability concept is to 'get what you pay for'. The 'you' in this context applies equally to national governments, affected stakeholders and to the wider public;

Bid: Means a stage in the procurement process extending from advertisement of or invitation to bid up to signing of contract.

Bidder: a natural or juridical person submitting a bid;

Bid Proposal: a document submitted by bidders to participate in a bid on the basis of the bid document prepared by a public body in respect of that procurement;

Budget: an amount of money allocated to a project or scheme;

Competitive Tendering: Awarding contracts by the process of seeking competing bids from more than one supplier; Construction Sector Transparency (CoST) Initiative: An international multistakeholder initiative designed to increase transparency and accountability in the construction sector;

Consultant: An organization or individual who has made a contract to provide services;

Consultancy Service: a service of an intellectual and advisory nature provided by consultants using their professional skills to study, design and organize specific projects, advice clients, conduct training and transfer knowledge;

Contract: A binding agreement made between two or more parties, which is intended to be legally enforceable;

Contract Documents: Documents incorporated in the enforceable agreement between the Procuring Entity and the contractor, including contract conditions, specification, pricing document, form of tender and the successful tenderers' responses (including method statements), and other relevant documents expressed to be contract documents (such as correspondence, etc.);

Contractor: An organization or individual who has made a contract to undertake works, supply goods or provide services;

Contract period: An arrangement for the supply of works, goods or services established for a fixed period of time;

Effectiveness: Effectiveness means the extent to which the entity is able to procure goods, works and services of quality, in a timely and most economical manner.

Employer: In the context of the CoST initiative, the Procuring Entity awarding construction and consultancy contracts for the project; Feasibility study: An evaluation of a proposed project to determine the difficulty and likely success and benefits of implementing the project;

Environmentally Friendly or Environment-Friendly: guidelines and policies that claim reduced, minimal, or no harm upon ecosystems or the environment;

Fairness: Equal opportunity for all interested contractors, suppliers and consultants by providing a level playing field on which to compete and thereby, directly expands the public body's options and opportunities for getting value for money.

Fixed-Price Contract: A fixed price strategy is an approach established a set price for each customer or client regardless of the actual time and materials used for a project. Such a scheme is often used by government contractors to put the risk on the side of the vendor, and control costs.

Standard Bidding Document: Means the document prepared by the Agency to serve as a point of reference in the preparation of bidding documents by Public Bodies.

Technical Specification: Means document describing the quality, type and standard with which the required goods, services, works or consultancy services should comply.

Tender Documents: Documents provided to prospective tenderers when they are invited to tender and that form the basis on which tenders are submitted, including instructions to tenderers, contract conditions, specification, pricing document, form of tender and tenderers responses;

Tender Evaluation: Detailed assessment and comparison of contractor, supplier or service provider offers, against lowest cost or most economically advantageous (cost and quality based) criteria;

Transparency: In the context of the CoST initiative transparency relates to the disclosure of material project information on construction projects;

Total Price: Means payment made by public bodies in respect of a particular procurement which includes taxes and all other incidental costs.

Value for Money: The optimum combination of whole-life cost and quality to meet the PEs and user's requirement;

Works: all work associated with the construction, reconstruction, up grading, demolition, repair or renovation of a building road, or structure, as well as services incidental to works, if the value of those services does not exceed that of the works themselves and includes buildown-operate, build- own-operate-transfer and build-operate- transfer contracts.